Enhancing Advising **Through Faculty** Collaborative Competence John P. Sauter Jr., Ph.D. Assistant Dean for Academic Affairs, Niagara University WNY Advising/UAC Advising Conference, Feb. 25, 2015 @JohnPSauter / #WNYAdvising

Agenda & Discussions

- Your Interactions with Faculty
- Modifying Multicultural Competence
- Faculty Collaborative Competence
- Faculty Culture
- Best Practices
- Applications

Photos were submitted by faculty friends and colleagues and are randomly placed throughout.



Your Interactions with Faculty

- Discuss your most successful/unsuccessful interactions or collaborations with faculty?
 - What made these successful / unsuccessful?
 - Did any involve multicultural issues?
- What's the biggest issue you deal with that could benefit from faculty collaboration?
 - If you are faculty, consider your interactions with advising staff



Faculty & Advisor Interaction

 Academic Advisors Tend to Interact with Faculty More than Other Student Affairs Professionals

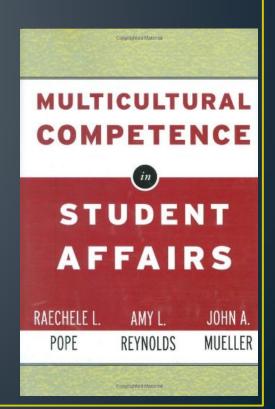
•Faculty = 40-50% of higher ed workforce

- Considerable Student Contact
- ~190 days per degree
- Influence Curriculum & Student Experiences



<u>Modifying Multicultural Competence</u>

The ability to work ethically and effectively with people of similar or dissimilar cultural backgrounds, by demonstrating a certain level of multicultural awareness, knowledge, and skills (Pope, Reynolds & Mueller, 2004).



Model of Multicultural Competence



Tripartite Model (Pope & Reynolds, 1997)

Awareness

- Self awareness
- Re-evaluation of attitudes, beliefs, values, and assumptions

Knowledge

Information & Cultural
 Understanding

Skills (enable action)

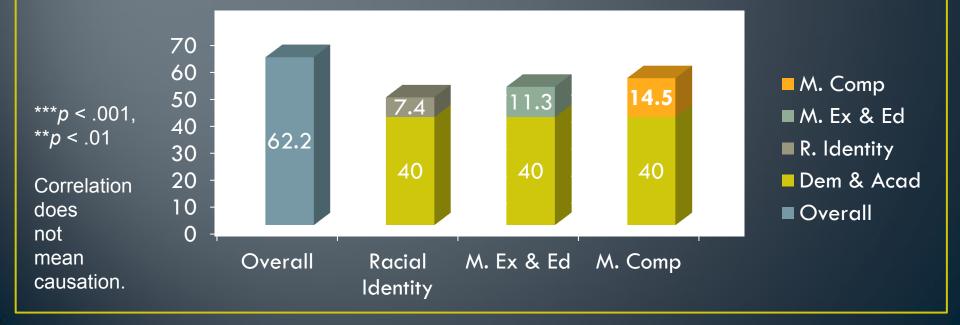
- Apply Awareness & Knowledge
- Cross-cultural Communication
- Willingness to Seek Assistance

Ongoing Developmental Process

Constantly Reflecting & Re-evaluating

| <u>Results</u> |
|-------------------------|
| <u>Regarding</u> |
| <u>Multicultural</u> |
| <u>Competence &</u> |
| <u>Practices</u> |
| (Sauter, 2013) |

| Variables | Multicultural | Multicultural |
|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Competence | Practices |
| Race | .248 *** | .276 *** |
| Socially Marginalized | 210 *** | 316 *** |
| Gender | 337 *** | 324 *** |
| Sexual Orientation | 0.048 | 0.16 ** |
| STEM / Non-STEM | 361 *** | 510 *** |
| Racial Identity Phase I | 407 *** | 340 *** |
| Racial Identity Phase II | .522 *** | .397 *** |
| Multicultural Education | .280 *** | .396 *** |
| Multicultural Experience | 0.200 ** | .407 *** |
| Multicultural Competence | | .636 *** |



Faculty Collaborative Competence

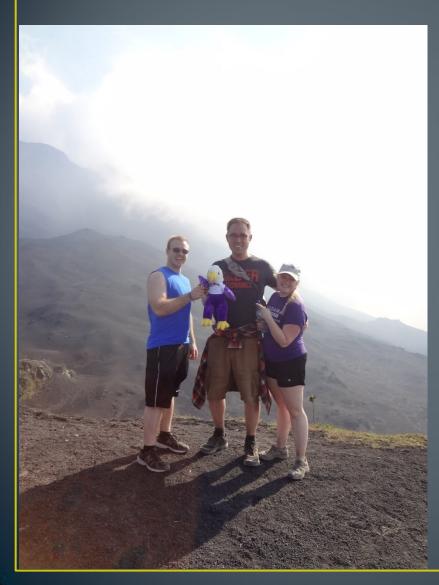
- Ability to demonstrate a certain level of awareness, knowledge, and skills related to faculty that fosters effective collaboration.
 - Awareness
 - Knowledge
 - Skills

Ongoing Process

 Constantly reflecting, learning, and adjusting our understanding.



<u>Awareness of Faculty Issues</u>



 Recognizing faculty issues and needs

• Where?

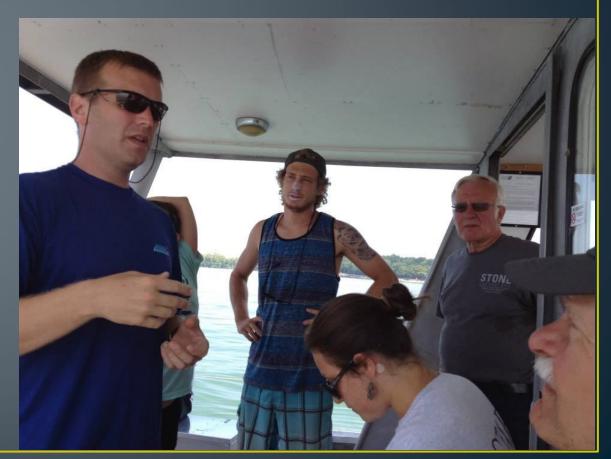
- Advisement with Students
- Committee Work
- Policy Development
- Event Planning
- Surroundings

• What?

- Do you need faculty input?
- Does it impact faculty?
- Compatibility with faculty schedules?
- Would faculty involvement help?

Knowledge of Faculty Culture

- Understanding faculty culture
- What knowledge is needed to collaborate with faculty?
 - Rank
 - Responsibilities
 - Tenure Status
 - Discipline
 - Course Loads
 - Governance
 - Inequalities
 - Personal Perspective
- How might this influence your practices?



Skills for Working with Faculty

- The ability to turn awareness & knowledge into action
- What skills do you need to work with faculty?
- How do such skills impact or enhance your practices?



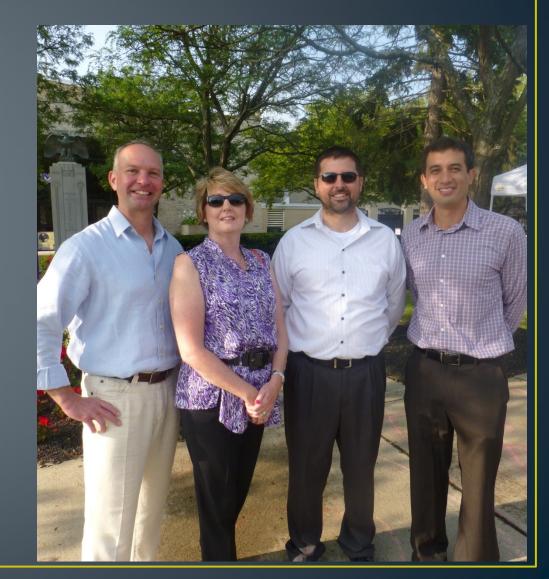
Understanding Faculty Culture



• What do you think about when you consider faculty culture?

Faculty Rank

- Non-Tenure Track
 - Adjunct Faculty
 - Lecturer
 - Visiting Professor
 - Full-Time Non-Tenure
- Tenure Track
 - Assistant Professor
 - Associate Professor
 - Full Professor
 - Emeritus



Faculty Responsibilities

Research

- Scholarship,
- Publications,
 Grant Funding

Teaching

- Curriculum, Pedagogy, Instruction, Evaluations
 - Systemic/Individual
- Service
 - Discipline, Institutional, Community

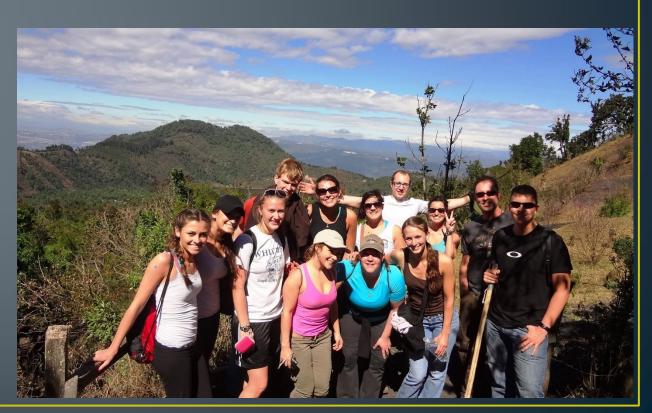
Variation

- Institutional Emphasis
- Value to Promotion & Tenure



Tenure & Promotion

- Requirements for Tenure
 - Research (publications, grants)
 - Teaching (evaluations)
 - Service (institution, community)
- Portfolio
- Time Limits
- Politics
- Variations
 - Emphasis
 - Bias



Faculty Discipline

• Broad Categories vs. Specific Disciplines

 Business, Education, Humanities, Social Science, Science, Technology, Engineering, Math (STEM), etc...

- Differences among disciplines
 - Training
 - Focus / Methods
 - Subject
 - Recognition



Faculty Training & Development



• Goal: To Become Experts in their Field

- Reluctance to Cover Diversity
- Unprepared or Overwhelmed

Training & Development

- Graduate School Preparation
 - Mismatch in Socialization (Austin, 2002)
- Peers / Mentoring
- Institutional Development
- Professional Organizations
- Limited Time & Budgets

Best Practices

- Ongoing / Long Term
- Reflection / Dialog

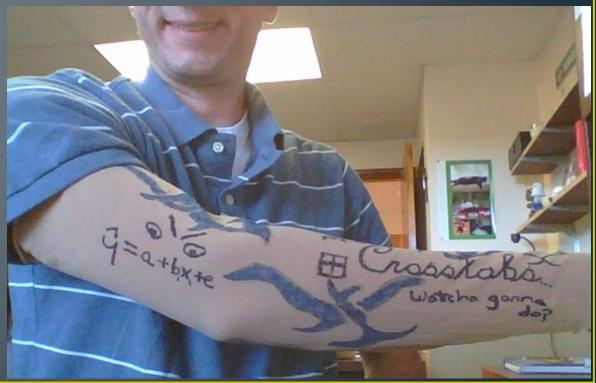
Course Loads & Schedules

- Level
 - Undergraduate
 - Graduate
 - Mixed
- Load
 - 3-3
 - 3-4
 - 4-4
 - 5-5

• Variation

- Overloads
- Downloads
- Sabbaticals

- Course Schedules
 - 2 or 3 days
 - Seminar
 - Online/Hybrid
 - Preparation



Faculty Governance / Politics

- Chairperson
- Faculty Governance
 - Collective Bargaining / Contract
 - Shared Governance?
 - Involvement
- Campus Politics
 - Institutional Climate
 - Fiscal Climate
 - Unfilled Lines
- Departmental Politics
 - Functional & Dysfunctional



<u>Burdened Faculty / Inequalities</u>

- Demands of Tenure & Promotion
- Lack of Time
- Unfilled Lines
- Popular vs. "Marginal" Programs
- Differences in Teaching and Expectations
 - Multicultural Faculty
 - Women Faculty
 - LGBT Faculty



Faculty – Student Interaction



Many positive outcomes

- Interest in grad school, college teaching, research, satisfaction (Astin, 1993)
- Intellectual, Social, & Personal Values along with Educational Attainment (Pascarella & Terenzini, 2005)

Faculty may assume advising and support roles Satisfaction / Experience Varies for Some Student Populations

Identity / Personal Implications

Outside Influences

- Family
- Health
- Finances
- Interests
- Mobility
- Unique Identities
 - Experiences & Education
- Different Motivations
 - Embrace/Resist
 Multicultural Issues



Learning Reconsidered 2

"Given our current understanding of learning, collaboration between faculty and student affairs educators is not simply an intelligent option: it is a core requirement for the effective development and achievement of desired student learning outcomes."

(Learning Reconsidered 2, 2006, p. 70

Best Practices



- Faculty Champions
 Experience
 Involvement
 Relationships
 - & Respect

Faculty Champions

- Who are the faculty that are involved and often willing to assist?
 - Similar interests and philosophies?
 - Willing to help
 - Often on the front lines
 - Models for other faculty
- How can we help get other faculty involved?
 - Can't always depend on faculty champions
 - All faculty have the potential to offer assistance



Experience



 How much do you interact with faculty on a daily, weekly, or monthly basis?

- Working alongside faculty builds experience
- Academic Advisors share some experiences
- Gain a sense of the needs of your faculty
- Better understand individual faculty

<u>Involvement</u>

Invite faculty to the table from the beginning

- Committee Procedures
- Avoid Surprises
- Support faculty Projects
 - Promotion, Social Media

Ask faculty their opinions

- Gain Input
- Gauge Support / Resistance
- Be flexible
 - Be aware of faculty roles
 - Work around faculty schedules



Relationships & Respect

Developing Relationships

- Foster Ongoing working relationships
- How can we assist faculty?
- Mutual Respect
 - Need to respect faculty roles & responsibilities
 - Proven Track Record

Narratives

- How we become who we are
- Natural part of us



How can you apply faculty collaborative competence to the issues you mentioned at the beginning of the presentation?

- What do we need to be aware of?
- What knowledge might be helpful?
- What skills do we need to have?



How Might Faculty Collaborative Competence Influence Advising Practices?

Questions & Further Discussion

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Presentation & Handouts at WNY Advising

WNYadvising.weebly.com/johnsauter.html